

## 調查結果：頻數及百分比分佈

### Survey Results: Frequency and Percentage Distribution

#### 調查概況及抽樣方法

#### Survey Overview and Sampling Method

調查項目：	市民對香港落實「一國兩制」概況評價調查（第十三次調查）
Survey Project:	Survey on the Implementation of 'One Country, Two Systems' in Hong Kong (Thirteenth Round)
調查日期：	2022年6月23日至2022年7月11日（晚上6時15分至10時15分）
Date:	23 June 2022 – 11 July 2022 (6:15 pm - 10:15 pm)
委託機構：	民主思路
Commissioning Body:	Path of Democracy
執行機構：	香港中文大學香港亞太研究所電話調查研究室
Polling Agency:	Telephone Survey Research Laboratory, Hong Kong Institute of Asia-Pacific Studies, The Chinese University of Hong Kong
調查對象：	18歲或以上、操粵語或普通話的香港居民
Target Respondents:	Hong Kong citizens aged 18 or above speaking Cantonese or Mandarin
調查方法：	以電腦輔助電話訪問系統（Computer-Assisted Telephone Interviewing, CATI）進行資料蒐集工作。隨機抽樣方式訪問了1,002名18歲以操粵語或普通話的市民（在95%置信水平下，抽樣誤差為 $\pm 3.10\%$ ）。調查樣本包括家居固網和手機電話，回應率分別為26.9%及28.2%，符合科學性的調查標準。
Survey Method:	Random sampling was adopted using CATI (Computer-Assisted Telephone Interview) system. 1,002 respondents aged 18 or above speaking Cantonese or Mandarin were interviewed. Sampling error is within $\pm 3.10\%$ at 95% confidence level. The survey sample contains both landline and mobile, their response rates are respectively 26.9% and 28.2%, satisfying the scientific standards of survey.
數據加權：	為了調查數據更能反映香港人口分佈的真實情況，調查結果先後以樣本被抽中的機會和香港統計處最新公布的性別及年齡分布作加權處理（weighting）。此外，由於經加權數據或會出現四捨五入，統計表內個別項目數字相加後可能與總數略有出入。
Weighting:	To better represent the distribution of the Hong Kong population, all data were weighted by the probability of being sampled and the proportion of gender and age of people aged 18 or above (excluding foreign domestic helpers) according to the mid-year population for 2021 released by the Census and Statistics Department. The figures in this survey may not add up due to rounding errors and weighting.

## 調查結果 Survey Results

註：以下所有數據均經加權處理。計算平均分時，「88. 唔知道／好難講」的樣本不包括在內。

*Note: All data were weighted for analysis. When calculating the mean, samples responded "88. Don't know / Difficult to say" are excluded*

「我哋想了解市民對『一國兩制』喺香港實踐嘅情況，如果1分代表『非常不同意』，7分代表『非常同意』，你有幾同意以下香港喺回歸後嘅情況呢？」(Q1至Q9的次序會隨機顯示)

‘We would like to know how the public understands “one country, two systems” in Hong Kong. On a scale where 1 indicates “strongly disagree” and 7 indicates “strongly agree”, to what extent do you agree with the following descriptions of Hong Kong after the handover?’ (The sequence of Q1 to Q9 will be randomly displayed)

Q1 「回歸之後，香港實行到高度自治，自行處理特區內嘅行政事務。你有幾同意呢？1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q1 ‘After the handover, Hong Kong has been able to practice a high degree of autonomy, and has been able to handle its own internal administrative affairs. To what extent would you agree? From 1 to 7, what score will you give?’

		頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1.	1	137	13.7	13.7	13.7
2.	2	74	7.4	7.4	21.1
3.	3	148	14.7	14.7	35.8
4.	4	224	22.3	22.3	58.2
5.	5	179	17.9	17.9	76.1
6.	6	100	10.0	10.0	86.1
7.	7	116	11.6	11.6	97.7
88.	唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	23	2.3	2.3	100.0
總計(Total)		1002	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1002

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 0

平均分 Mean: 4.02

標準差 Standard Deviation: 1.839

Q2 「回歸之後，香港繼續保持到獨立嘅司法權。你有幾同意呢？1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q2 'After the handover, Hong Kong has been able to maintain independent judiciary powers. To what extent would you agree? From 1 to 7, what score will you give?'

		頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1.	1	136	13.6	13.6	13.6
2.	2	68	6.8	6.8	20.4
3.	3	153	15.2	15.2	35.6
4.	4	216	21.5	21.5	57.2
5.	5	155	15.5	15.5	72.6
6.	6	124	12.4	12.4	85.0
7.	7	124	12.4	12.4	97.4
88.	唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	26	2.6	2.6	100.0
總計Total		1002	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1002

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 0

平均分 Mean: 4.08

標準差 Standard Deviation: 1.870

Q3 「回歸之後，香港繼續保持到獨立嘅立法權。你有幾同意呢？1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q3 'After the handover, Hong Kong has been able to maintain independent legislative powers. To what extent would you agree? From 1 to 7, what score will you give?'

		頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1.	1	142	14.2	14.2	14.2
2.	2	80	8.0	8.0	22.2
3.	3	170	17.0	17.0	39.2
4.	4	179	17.9	17.9	57.1
5.	5	151	15.0	15.0	72.1
6.	6	96	9.6	9.6	81.7
7.	7	115	11.5	11.5	93.2
88.	唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	68	6.8	6.8	100.0
總計Total		1002	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1002

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 0

平均分 Mean: 3.92

標準差 Standard Deviation: 1.891

Q4 「回歸之後，香港人繼續維持原有嘅生活方式。你有幾同意呢？1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q4 'After the handover, the original ways of life of the Hong Kong people have maintained. To what extent would you agree? From 1 to 7, what score will you give?'

		頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1.	1	91	9.1	9.1	9.1
2.	2	104	10.4	10.4	19.5
3.	3	175	17.5	17.5	37.0
4.	4	176	17.5	17.5	54.6
5.	5	148	14.7	14.7	69.3
6.	6	134	13.3	13.3	82.6
7.	7	151	15.1	15.1	97.7
88.	唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	23	2.3	2.3	100.0
總計 Total		1002	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1002

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 0

平均分 Mean: 4.42

標準差 Standard Deviation: 1.868

Q5 「回歸之後，香港繼續享有言論、結社同集會自由。你有幾同意呢？1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q5 'After the handover, Hong Kong continues to enjoy the freedoms of speech, association and assembly. To what extent would you agree? From 1 to 7, what score will you give?'

		頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1.	1	205	20.4	20.4	20.4
2.	2	145	14.5	14.5	34.9
3.	3	170	16.9	16.9	51.8
4.	4	168	16.8	16.8	68.6
5.	5	122	12.2	12.2	80.8
6.	6	61	6.0	6.0	86.9
7.	7	91	9.0	9.0	95.9
88.	唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	41	4.1	4.1	100.0
總計 Total		1002	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1002

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 0

平均分 Mean: 3.42

標準差 Standard Deviation: 1.895

Q6 「回歸之後，香港嘅民主政制發展，正係按照基本法嘅規定，循序漸進地落實。你有幾同意呢？1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q6 'After the handover, the development of Hong Kong's democratic system has been progressively implemented, following the provision of the Basic Law. To what extent would you agree? From 1 to 7, what score will you give?'

		頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1.	1	190	19.0	19.0	19.0
2.	2	169	16.9	16.9	35.9
3.	3	164	16.3	16.3	52.2
4.	4	122	12.2	12.2	64.4
5.	5	101	10.1	10.1	74.5
6.	6	53	5.3	5.3	79.8
7.	7	94	9.4	9.4	89.2
88.	唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	108	10.8	10.8	100.0
總計 Total		1002	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1002

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 0

平均分 Mean: 3.35

標準差 Standard Deviation: 1.932

Q7 「回歸之後，香港人不論經濟能力、身份同社會地位都能夠得到法律保護。你有幾同意呢？1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q7 'After the handover, Hong Kongers continue to be protected by the Law regardless of their economic capabilities, identities and social classes. To what extent would you agree? From 1 to 7, what score will you give?'

		頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1.	1	81	8.1	8.1	8.1
2.	2	69	6.9	6.9	14.9
3.	3	101	10.1	10.1	25.0
4.	4	213	21.2	21.2	46.2
5.	5	211	21.1	21.1	67.3
6.	6	165	16.5	16.5	83.8
7.	7	150	15.0	15.0	98.8
88.	唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	12	1.2	1.2	100.0
總計 Total		1002	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1002

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 0

平均分 Mean: 4.52

標準差 Standard Deviation: 1.760

Q8 「回歸之後，香港可以做到維護國家主權、安全和發展利益。你有幾同意呢？1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q8 'After the handover, Hong Kong is able to keep intact the sovereignty of China, national security and profits from development projects. To what extent would you agree? From 1 to 7, what score will you give?'

		頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1.	1	83	8.3	8.3	8.3
2.	2	45	4.5	4.5	12.7
3.	3	75	7.5	7.5	20.2
4.	4	181	18.1	18.1	38.3
5.	5	279	27.9	27.9	66.2
6.	6	143	14.3	14.3	80.4
7.	7	144	14.4	14.4	94.8
88.	唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	52	5.2	5.2	100.0
總計 Total		1002	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1002

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 0

平均分 Mean: 4.62

標準差 Standard Deviation: 1.714

Q9 「回歸之後，香港能夠維持到長期繁榮穩定。你有幾同意呢？1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q9 'After the handover, Hong Kong is able to maintain prosperity and stability in the long term. To what extent would you agree? From 1 to 7, what score will you give?'

		頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1.	1	89	8.9	8.9	8.9
2.	2	56	5.5	5.5	14.4
3.	3	98	9.8	9.8	24.2
4.	4	198	19.7	19.8	43.9
5.	5	244	24.3	24.4	68.3
6.	6	146	14.5	14.6	82.9
7.	7	137	13.7	13.7	96.6
88.	唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	34	3.4	3.4	100.0
99.	拒絕回答 Refused to answer	1	0.1	缺值 Omitted	
總計 Total		1002	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1001

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 1

平均分 Mean: 4.49

標準差 Standard Deviation: 1.748

Q10 「整體嚟講，你認為落實『港人治港』有幾成功呢？如果1分代表『非常不成功』，至7分代表『非常成功』，1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q10 'How successful has the practice of "Hong Kong people administering Hong Kong" been? If 1 indicates "very unsuccessful" and 7 indicates "very successful", what score will you give?'

		頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1.	1	158	15.8	15.8	15.8
2.	2	119	11.8	11.9	27.7
3.	3	216	21.5	21.6	49.3
4.	4	198	19.8	19.8	69.1
5.	5	126	12.5	12.6	81.7
6.	6	64	6.4	6.4	88.1
7.	7	57	5.6	5.7	93.8
88.	唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	62	6.2	6.2	100.0
99.	拒絕回答 Refused to answer	2	0.2	缺值 Omitted	
總計 Total		1002	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1000

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 2

平均分 Mean: 3.46

標準差 Standard Deviation: 1.710

Q11 「你有幾大信心香港嚟未來（即2047年前）能全面落實『一國兩制』呢？如果1分代表『非常有信心』，至7分代表『非常有信心』，1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q11 'How confident are you in the full implementation of "One Country, Two Systems" in Hong Kong in the future (before 2047)? If 1 indicates "very unconfident" and 7 indicates "very confident", what score will you give?'

		頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1.	1	158	15.8	15.8	15.8
2.	2	136	13.6	13.6	29.4
3.	3	223	22.3	22.3	51.7
4.	4	137	13.6	13.7	65.4
5.	5	89	8.9	8.9	74.3
6.	6	62	6.2	6.2	80.5
7.	7	124	12.4	12.4	92.9
88.	唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	71	7.1	7.1	100.0
99.	拒絕回答 Refused to answer	2	0.2	缺值 Omitted	
總計 Total		1002	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1000

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 2

平均分 Mean: 3.58

標準差 Standard Deviation: 1.937

Q12 「對於當內地同香港出現嘅矛盾時，兩地可透過對話協商得以解決，你有幾大信心呢？如果1分代表『非常有信心』，至7分代表『非常有信心』，1至7分，你會俾幾多分？」

Q12 'When conflicts between mainland China and Hong Kong arise, how confident are you that the conflicts can be resolved through consultation and dialogue? If 1 indicates "very unconfident" and 7 indicates "very confident", what score will you give?'

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1. 1	154	15.3	15.4	15.4
2. 2	174	17.4	17.4	32.8
3. 3	179	17.9	17.9	50.7
4. 4	142	14.2	14.2	65.0
5. 5	84	8.4	8.4	73.3
6. 6	71	7.1	7.1	80.4
7. 7	101	10.1	10.2	90.6
88. 唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	94	9.4	9.4	100.0
99. 拒絕回答 Refused to answer	2	0.2	缺值 Omitted	
總計Total	1002	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1000

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 2

平均分 Mean : 3.49

標準差 Standard Deviation: 1.912

Q13 「如果1分代表『非常有信心』，7分代表『非常有信心』，你對香港教育制度有幾大信心呢？1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q13 'If 1 indicates "very unconfident" and 7 indicates "very confident", what score will you give?', how confident are you in the education system of Hong Kong?'

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1. 1分（非常有信心）	138	13.8	13.8	13.8
2. 2分	95	9.5	9.5	23.3
3. 3分	173	17.3	17.3	40.6
4. 4分	295	29.4	29.5	70.1
5. 5分	181	18.1	18.1	88.2
6. 6分	58	5.8	5.8	94.0
7. 7分（非常有信心）	27	2.7	2.7	96.8
88. 唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	32	3.2	3.2	100.0
99. 拒絕回答 Refused to answer	1	0.1	缺值 Omitted	
總計Total	1002	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1001

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 1

平均分 Mean: 3.59

標準差 Standard Deviation: 1.540



Q14 「如果1分代表『非常不認同』，7分代表『非常認同』，對於『我係香港人』呢個身份，你有幾認同呢？1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q14 'If 1 indicates "extremely weak" and 7 indicates "extremely strong", how strongly do you identify yourself as a Hong Konger? From 1 to 7, what score will you give?'

		頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1.	1	8	0.8	0.8	0.8
2.	2	15	1.5	1.5	2.3
3.	3	34	3.4	3.4	5.6
4.	4	76	7.6	7.6	13.2
5.	5	200	19.9	20.0	33.2
6.	6	285	28.5	28.5	61.7
7.	7	331	33.0	33.0	94.7
88.	唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	53	5.3	5.3	100.0
99.	拒絕回答 Refused to answer	1	0.1	缺值 Omitted	
總計 Total		1002	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1001

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 1

平均分 Mean: 5.77

標準差 Standard Deviation: 1.268

Q15 「如果1分代表『非常不認同』，7分代表『非常認同』，對於『我係中國人』呢個身份，你有幾認同呢？1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q15 'If 1 indicates "extremely weak" and 7 indicates "extremely strong", how strongly do you identify yourself as a Chinese? From 1 to 7, what score will you give?'

		頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1.	1	89	8.9	8.9	8.9
2.	2	49	4.9	4.9	13.8
3.	3	63	6.3	6.3	20.2
4.	4	135	13.5	13.5	33.7
5.	5	157	15.6	15.7	49.3
6.	6	155	15.4	15.5	64.8
7.	7	252	25.1	25.2	90.0
88.	唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	99	9.9	10.0	100.0
99.	拒絕回答 Refused to answer	3	0.3	缺值 Omitted	
總計 Total		1002	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 999

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 3

平均分 Mean: 4.88

標準差 Standard Deviation: 1.946

Q16 「如果1分代表『非常唔滿意』，7分代表『非常滿意』，你對公務員嘅服務水平有幾滿意呢？1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q16 'If 1 represents "very unsatisfied" and 7 represents "very satisfied", how satisfied are you with the quality of the work of civil servants?'

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1. 1	63	6.3	6.3	6.3
2. 2	66	6.5	6.5	12.9
3. 3	170	16.9	16.9	29.8
4. 4	258	25.8	25.8	55.6
5. 5	288	28.8	28.8	84.4
6. 6	99	9.9	9.9	94.4
7. 7	39	3.9	3.9	98.3
88. 唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	17	1.7	1.7	100.0
99. 拒絕回答 Refused to answer	1	0.1	缺值 Omitted	
總計 Total	1002	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1001

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 1

平均分 Mean: 4.12

標準差 Standard Deviation: 1.436

Q17 「回歸以來，喺實踐『一國兩制』上香港同內地出現唔少矛盾，整體嚟講，你認為邊一方嘅責任大啲呢？係完全係內地、大部分係內地、一半半、大部分係香港，定係完全係香港呢？」

Q17 'After the handover, the implementation of "One Country, Two Systems" has led to conflicts between Hong Kong and Mainland China. Generally speaking, which side bears the greater responsibility? Is it totally Mainland China's, mostly Mainland China's, mostly Hong Kong's or totally Hong Kong's?'

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1. 完全係內地 Totally Mainland China's	49	4.9	5.0	5.0
2. 大部分係內地 Mostly Mainland China's	161	16.1	16.2	21.2
3. 一半半 Half-Half	520	51.9	52.3	73.5
4. 大部分係香港 Mostly Hong Kong's	114	11.4	11.5	85.0
5. 完全係香港 Totally Hong Kong's	43	4.3	4.3	89.3
8. 唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	106	10.6	10.7	100.0
99. 拒絕回答 Refused to answer	8	0.8	缺值 Omitted	
總計 Total	1002	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 994

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 8

Q18 「你認為香港喺2047年後應唔應該繼續實行『一國兩制』呢？」

Q18 'Would you agree that Hong Kong should continue to implement "One Country, Two Systems" after 2047?'

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1. 應該 Yes (續問continue to Q19)	751	74.9	75.7	75.7
2. 唔應該 No (跳問skip to Q20)	89	8.8	8.9	84.7
5. 其他：繼續實行以前／國安法前 的一國兩制 (續問Continue to Q19) Others: Continue to exercise 1C2S as before/ the introduction of 1C2S	12	1.2	1.2	85.9
6. 其他：已經沒有一國兩制／已經 實行一國一制／不存在一國兩制 (跳問 skip to Q20) Others: 1C2S no longer exists/ 1C1S already in place/ 1C2S is non-existent	25	2.5	2.6	88.5
8. 唔知道／好難講 Don't Know/ Difficult to say(跳問skip to Q20)	114	11.4	11.5	100.0
9. 拒絕回答 Refused to answer (跳 問skip to Q20)	11	1.1	缺值 Omitted	
總計 Total	1002	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 991

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 11

Q19 「你認為從現在到2047年，以下邊啲條件會對香港喺2047年後繼續實行『一國兩制』有利呢？」(此題只問Q18回答應該的受訪者，可選多項)

Q19 'From now to 2047, which of the following conditions would be favourable to the continuation of "One Country, Two Systems" after 2047?' (Only respondents who agree Hong Kong should continue to 'One Country, Two Systems' after 2047 are asked, multiple answers allowed)

	頻數 Frequency	以有效樣本數 為基數之百分比 Percentage out of Valid Sample
1. 政制進一步民主化 Democratising further	272	35.7%
2. 維護國家安全 Safeguarding National Security	163	21.4%
3. 維持高度自治 Maintaining a high degree of autonomy	479	62.8%
4. 經濟維持繁榮穩定 Maintaining economic prosperity and stability	489	64.2%
5. 其他(註明) Others (please specify)	6	0.8%
8. 唔知道/好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	67	8.8%
總計 Total	1477	193.7%

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 763

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 239

\* 該百分比是答案數目(即頻數)除以有效樣本人數(即683人)得出的。此外，由於容許受訪者給予多於一項答案，故百分比總計將超過 100%。

\* The percentage of an option is its frequency divided by the number of valid samples (i.e. 683). Since respondents may choose more than one option, the sum of percentages may exceed 100%.

Q19\_OTH 「你認為從現在到2047年，以下邊啲條件會對香港喺2047年後繼續實行『一國兩制』有利呢？」  
(其他答案)

Q19\_OTH 'From now to 2047, which of the following conditions would be favourable to the continuation of "One Country, Two Systems" after 2047?' (Other answers)

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
11. 其他：保持香港的言論自由 Others: Maintaining freedom of speech	2	0.2	29.3	29.3
12. 其他：行澳門式一國兩制 Others: Exercising 1C2S as Macau's way	1	0.1	8.3	37.6
13. 其他：中港政府班子換人 Others: Change of officers for Central and HK Governments	2	0.2	26.7	64.2
14. 其他：城市定位 Others: Positioning of cities	1	0.1	13.9	78.2
15. 其他：學習習近平講話 Others: Learning from the speech by President Xi Jinping	1	0.1	21.8	100.0
0. 不適用 Not Applicable	996	99.4	缺值 Omitted	
總計 Total	1002	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 6

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 996

Q20 「香港國家安全法已經實施咗兩年，你認為對一國兩制帶嚟正面影響、負面影響，定係無影響呢？」  
 Q20 'The National Security Law of Hong Kong has been implemented for two years. Do you think that it brings positive, negative or no impact to One Country Two Systems?'

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1. 正面 Positive	245	24.5	24.7	24.7
2. 負面 Negative	398	39.7	40.0	64.7
3. 無影響 No impact	200	20.0	20.1	84.8
8. 唔知道／好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	151	15.0	15.2	100.0
9. 拒絕回答 Refused to answer	8	0.8	缺值	
總計 Total	1002	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 994

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 8

Q21 「香港已經落實國安法同實施咗新選舉制度，你認為現在應唔應該考慮政改呢？」

Q21 'As the National Security Law and new electoral systems have been implemented in Hong Kong already, would you consider re-launching the electoral reform now?'

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1. 應該 Should	369	36.9	37.5	37.5
2. 唔應該 Should not	309	30.8	31.4	68.8
8. 唔知道／好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	307	30.7	31.2	100.0
9. 拒絕回答 Refused to answer	17	1.7	缺值 Omitted	
總計 Total	1002	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 985

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 17

Q22 「你會唔會考慮到大灣區其他城市居住或者發展（例如升學、就業、做生意、退休）？係會、或者會，定係唔會呢？」

Q22 'Would you consider living or moving to other cities of Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macau Greater Bay Area (for study, employment, business or retirement)?'

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1. 一定會 Definitely will	44	4.4	4.5	4.5
2. 可能會 Maybe	197	19.7	20.0	24.4
3. 唔會 No	687	68.6	69.6	94.1
8. 唔知道／好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	59	5.8	5.9	100.0
9. 拒絕回答 Refused to answer	15	1.5	缺值 Omitted	
總計 Total	1002	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 987

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 15

Q23 「你未來五年有無離開香港移民海外嘅打算呢？」

Q23 'Do you have any plans to emigrate from Hong Kong in the next five years?'

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1. 有打算 Yes	154	15.4	15.8	15.8
2. 無打算 No	727	72.5	74.4	90.2
8. 唔知道／好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	95	9.5	9.8	100.0
9. 拒絕回答 Refused to answer	26	2.6	缺值 Omitted	
總計 Total	1002	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 976

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 26

POL 「講到你嘅政治傾向時，你覺得自己傾向以下邊個陣營呢？」(讀出1-6)

POL 'When asked about your political inclination, which political camp do you incline to identify yourself with?'  
(Read options 1-6)

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1. 建制派 Pro-establishment	70	7.0	7.3	7.3
2. 民主派 Pro-democrat	87	8.6	9.0	16.3
3. 本土派 Localist	34	3.4	3.5	19.8
4. 中間派 Centrist	119	11.9	12.4	32.2
5. 無任何政治傾向 No political inclination	570	56.9	59.4	91.6
11. 其他：非建制派 Others: Non-establishment	5	0.5	0.5	92.1
14. 其他：愛國愛港 Others: Love Mainland China and Hong Kong	2	0.2	0.2	92.3
16. 其他：對香港好的政黨 Others: Parties which are good for Hong Kong	2	0.2	0.2	92.5
18. 其他：民主派及中間派 Others: Pro-democrat and centrist	1	0.1	0.1	92.6
22. 其他：近三個月的新民主派 Others: New pro-democrats established in recent three months	1	0.1	0.1	92.7
88. 唔知道／好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	70	7.0	7.3	100.0
99. 拒絕回答 Refused to answer	42	4.2	缺值 Omitted	
總計 Total	1002	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 960

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 42

GENDER 受訪者性別 Gender of respondents

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1. 男 Male	471	47.1	47.1	47.1
2. 女 Female	531	52.9	52.9	100.0
總計 (Total)	1002	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1002

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 0



AGE 「你屬於以下邊個年齡組別呢？」‘Which age group does you belong to?’

(讀出Read options 1-6)

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1. 18-29	140	13.9	13.9	13.9
2. 30-39	159	15.9	15.9	29.8
3. 40-49	174	17.3	17.3	47.1
4. 50-59	193	19.2	19.2	66.4
5. 60-69	180	18.0	18.0	84.3
6. ≥70	157	15.7	15.7	100.0
總計 (Total)	1002	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1002

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 0

EDU 「您嘅教育程度去到邊呢？」‘What is your educational attainment?’

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1. 小學或以下 Primary or below	113	11.3	11.7	11.7
2. 初中（中一至中三） Secondary (F.1- F.3)	139	13.8	14.4	26.1
3. 高中（中四至中七預科） Secondary (F.4-F.7)	314	31.3	32.5	58.6
4. 專上非學位（包括文憑/副學士/IVE 等） Non-degree tertiary (including diplomas, associate degrees, IVE, etc.)	120	12.0	12.5	71.1
5. 大學學位 Bachelor's degree	222	22.2	23.0	94.1
6. 研究院（包括碩士/博士等） Postgraduate degree (including master's and doctoral degree)	57	5.7	5.9	100.0
9. 拒絕回答 Refused to answer	37	3.7	缺值 Omitted	
總計 (Total)	1002	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 965

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 37

WORK 「你目前係唔係在職人士呢？」‘Are you currently an employed person?’

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative
1. 在職人士 Employed	525	52.4	54.2	54.2
2. 主理家務 Homemaker	108	10.8	11.2	65.4
3. 退休 Retired person	212	21.2	21.9	87.3
4. 待業/正找工作/失業 Job seeker	68	6.8	7.0	94.3
5. 學生 Student	55	5.5	5.7	100.0
9. 拒絕回答 Refused to answer	35	3.5	缺值	
總計(Total)	1002	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 967

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 35

## 有關調查數據加權的說明

### Explanatory Notes on Weighting

調查採用重疊的雙框（Dual frame）電話號碼取樣設計。這種方式結合了各自從家居固網電話號碼和手機號碼抽樣框架隨機抽取的電話號碼樣本，由於同時擁有家居固網電話號碼和手機號碼的人為數眾多，因而出現抽樣框架重疊的情況。為避免兩個抽樣框架重疊或其他不知名因素可能造成的偏誤估計，調查數據按以下程序加權處理：

The telephone survey uses a dual-frame sampling design. It randomly selects phone numbers from a combined sample of residential landline and mobile phone numbers. Given many individuals may own both landline and mobile phone numbers, two steps were added in the weighting method to avoid estimation inaccuracy caused by double-counting or other unknown factors. The weight factors are as below.

#### 步驟一：電話號碼擁有量

##### Step 1: Telephone ownership

由於每人擁有不同數目的固網及流動電話號碼，他們被抽中的機率也有不同。為剔除任何一人被超額代表的機會，第一步驟是估算每名受訪者被隨機抽中的機會率，即以每位受訪者擁有家居固網電話號碼和手機號碼數目，對比全港家居固網電話及手機號碼總數。

Since each individual owns a different amount of landline and mobile numbers, each has a different probability of selection as respondents. To eliminate over-representation of any individual, the first step is to approximate the probability of selection for each respondent. It is a ratio of the amount of landline and mobile numbers owned by a respondent to the total number of those in the territory.

$$\pi_i = \frac{n_L}{N_L} \times \frac{t_i^L}{e_i^L} + \frac{n_m}{N_m} \times t_i^m$$

當中	$i$	=	第 <i>i</i> 名被抽中的人士
	$n_L$	=	家居固網電話號碼樣本數目
	$N_L$	=	全部家居固網電話號碼總數
	$t_i^L$	=	第 <i>i</i> 名人士家中擁有的固網電話號碼數目
	$e_i^L$	=	住戶中合資格受訪人數
	$n_m$	=	手機號碼樣本數目
	$N_m$	=	全部手機號碼總數
	$t_i^m$	=	第 <i>i</i> 名人士個人擁有的手機號碼數目

Where	$i$	=	$i$ -th person selected
	$n_L$	=	amount of sample's landline numbers
	$N_L$	=	amount of population's landline numbers
	$t_i^L$	=	amount of $i$ -th person's landline numbers

$e_i^l$	=	amount of eligible respondents in the household
$n_m$	=	amount of sample's mobile numbers
$N_m$	=	amount of population's mobile numbers
$t_i^m$	=	amount of $i$ -th person's mobile numbers

加權因子1 ( $WT1_i$ ) 之計算方式為受訪者*i*被抽中訪問的逆向機會率，即 $WT1_i = \pi_i^{-1}$ 。

Weighting factor 1 ( $WT1_i$ ) is calculated by the inverse of probability of selection of individual  $i$ , i.e.  $WT1_i = \pi_i^{-1}$ .

## 步驟二：人口估算

### Step 2: Population estimates

由於雙框電話號碼取樣是以固網及手機號碼為基礎的（即樣本皆為電話號碼），而不是以全港人口為本的，為了保證調查數據更能反映香港人口分佈的真實情況，數據在進行分析時依香港統計處公佈的2021年年中18歲或以上性別及年齡分佈（扣除外籍家庭傭工）。加權因子2（WT2）的計算方法，是把人口統計中性別和年齡組別的人口估計，除以經過加權因子1加權後的調查中對應組別的人口樣本。

As the telephone survey uses a dual-frame sampling design which samples from phone numbers for residential landlines and mobile phones (i.e. all samples are telephone numbers). To better represent the distribution of the Hong Kong population, all data were weighted by the proportion of gender and age of people aged 18 or above (excluding foreign domestic helpers) according to the mid-year population for 2019 released by the Census and Statistics Department. Weighting factor 2 (WT2) is calculated by dividing the population estimates of a gender and age group by the sample size of the corresponding group adjusted by weighting factor 1.

年齡組 Age Group	2021年年中人口分佈 (%) Mid-year Population Distribution for 2021 (%)		經加權因子1加權後的 電話調查樣本 人口分佈 (%) Population Distribution of Survey after weighted by WT1 (%)		加權因子 Weighting Factors	
	男 Male (A)	女 Female (B)	男 Male (C)	女 Female (D)	男 Male (A÷C)	女 Female (B÷D)
18-29	432300	421300	571150	718004	0.756893834	0.586765371
30-39	462100	508800	441462	706321	1.046749224	0.720352443
40-49	476400	586300	657743	677171	0.724294725	0.865807865
50-59	529000	648600	891846	721535	0.593151901	0.898916948
60-69	539800	561600	904512	714070	0.596785814	0.786477736
≥70	442800	516500	533183	636118	0.830484571	0.811955995

## 最後步驟 Final Step

最終加權因子的計算方法如下：

The final weighting factor is calculated by the following formula.

$$WT\_F = WT1 * WT2$$

當中	WT_F	=	最後加權因子
	WT1	=	加權因子1
	WT2	=	加權因子2

Where	WT_F	=	Final weighting factor
	WT1	=	Weighting factor 1
	WT2	=	Weighting factor 2