

調查結果：頻數及百分比分佈

Survey Results: Frequency and Percentage Distribution

調查概況及抽樣方法

Survey Overview and Sampling Method

調查項目：	市民對香港落實「一國兩制」概況評價調查（第十二次調查）
Survey Project:	Survey on the Implementation of 'One Country, Two Systems' in Hong Kong (Twelfth Round)
調查日期：	2021年12月20日至2022年1月10日（晚上6時15分至10時15分）
Date:	20 December 2021 – 10 January 2022 (6:15 pm - 10:15 pm)
委託機構：	民主思路
Commissioning Body:	Path of Democracy
執行機構：	香港中文大學香港亞太研究所電話調查研究室
Polling Agency:	Telephone Survey Research Laboratory, Hong Kong Institute of Asia-Pacific Studies, The Chinese University of Hong Kong
調查對象：	18歲或以上、操粵語或普通話的香港居民
Target Respondents:	Hong Kong citizens aged 18 or above speaking Cantonese or Mandarin
調查方法：	調查樣本採用雙框電話號碼取樣，包括家居固網和手機電話，利用電腦輔助電話訪問系統進行資料蒐集工作。以隨機抽樣方式訪問1,003名18歲以操粵語或普通話的市民，其中家居固網有497名，手機電話有506名，回應率分別為30.6%及30.0%。在95%置信水平下，抽樣誤差為±3.09%，符合科學性的調查標準。
Survey Method:	A dual-frame method consisting of landline and mobile was adopted. Samples were randomly selected using a CATI (Computer-Assisted Telephone Interview) system. 1,003 respondents aged 18 or above speaking Cantonese or Mandarin were interviewed. 497 were surveyed on landline and 506 on mobile with respective response rates of 30.6% and 30.0%. The sampling error is within ±3.09% at 95% confidence level, satisfying the scientific standards of survey.
數據加權：	由於調查樣本採用雙框電話號碼取樣設計，調查結果以樣本被抽中的機會和香港統計處最新公布的性別及年齡分布作加權處理，以更反映香港人口分佈的真實情況。此外，由於經加權數據或會出現四捨五入，統計表內個別項目數字相加後可能與總數略有出入。
Weighting:	As the survey sample adopted a dual-frame method, all data were weighted by the probability of being sampled and the latest proportion of gender and age according to the Census and Statistics Department, to better represent the distribution of the Hong Kong population,. The figures in this survey may not add up due to rounding errors and weighting.

調查結果 Survey Results

註：以下所有數據均經加權處理。計算平均分時，「88. 唔知道／好難講」的樣本不包括在內。

Note: All data were weighted for analysis. When calculating the mean, samples responded "88. Don't know / Difficult to say" are excluded

「我哋想了解市民對『一國兩制』喺香港實踐嘅情況，如果1分代表『非常不同意』，7分代表『非常同意』，你有幾同意以下香港喺回歸後嘅情況呢？」(Q1至Q9的次序會隨機顯示)

‘We would like to know how the public understands “one country, two systems” in Hong Kong. On a scale where 1 indicates “strongly disagree” and 7 indicates “strongly agree”, to what extent do you agree with the following descriptions of Hong Kong after the handover?’ (The sequence of Q1 to Q9 will be randomly displayed)

Q1 「回歸之後，香港實行到高度自治，自行處理特區內嘅行政事務。你有幾同意呢？1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q1 ‘After the handover, Hong Kong has been able to practice a high degree of autonomy, and has been able to handle its own internal administrative affairs. To what extent would you agree? From 1 to 7, what score will you give?’

		頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1.	1	238	23.8	23.8	23.8
2.	2	146	14.6	14.6	38.4
3.	3	161	16.0	16.0	54.4
4.	4	128	12.8	12.8	67.1
5.	5	137	13.7	13.7	80.8
6.	6	85	8.4	8.4	89.2
7.	7	78	7.8	7.8	97.0
88.	唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	30	3.0	3.0	100.0
總計(Total)		1003	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1003

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 0

平均分 Mean: 3.36

標準差 Standard Deviation: 1.942

Q2 「回歸之後，香港繼續保持到獨立嘅司法權。你有幾同意呢？1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q2 'After the handover, Hong Kong has been able to maintain independent judiciary powers. To what extent would you agree? From 1 to 7, what score will you give?'

		頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1.	1	224	22.4	22.4	22.4
2.	2	154	15.3	15.3	37.7
3.	3	128	12.7	12.7	50.5
4.	4	136	13.6	13.6	64.1
5.	5	140	13.9	13.9	78.0
6.	6	103	10.3	10.3	88.3
7.	7	97	9.7	9.7	98.0
88.	唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	20	2.0	2.0	100.0
總計Total		1003	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1003

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 0

平均分 Mean: 3.52

標準差 Standard Deviation: 2.009

Q3 「回歸之後，香港繼續保持到獨立嘅立法權。你有幾同意呢？1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q3 'After the handover, Hong Kong has been able to maintain independent legislative powers. To what extent would you agree? From 1 to 7, what score will you give?'

		頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1.	1	239	23.9	23.9	23.9
2.	2	160	16.0	16.0	39.8
3.	3	137	13.6	13.6	53.4
4.	4	124	12.3	12.3	65.8
5.	5	150	15.0	15.0	80.8
6.	6	86	8.6	8.6	89.4
7.	7	67	6.7	6.7	96.0
88.	唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	40	4.0	4.0	100.0
總計Total		1003	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1003

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 0

平均分 Mean: 3.32

標準差 Standard Deviation: 1.931

Q4 「回歸之後，香港人繼續維持原有嘅生活方式。你有幾同意呢？1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q4 'After the handover, the original ways of life of the Hong Kong people have maintained. To what extent would you agree? From 1 to 7, what score will you give?'

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1. 1	164	16.4	16.4	16.4
2. 2	152	15.2	15.2	31.5
3. 3	169	16.8	16.8	48.4
4. 4	121	12.1	12.1	60.4
5. 5	133	13.3	13.3	73.7
6. 6	139	13.9	13.9	87.6
7. 7	107	10.6	10.6	98.2
88. 唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	18	1.8	1.8	100.0
總計 Total	1003	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1003

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 0

平均分 Mean: 3.76

標準差 Standard Deviation: 1.977

Q5 「回歸之後，香港繼續享有言論自由。你有幾同意呢？1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q5 'After the handover, Hong Kong continues to enjoy the freedom of speech. To what extent would you agree? From 1 to 7, what score will you give?'

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1. 1	293	29.2	29.2	29.2
2. 2	152	15.2	15.2	44.4
3. 3	133	13.2	13.2	57.7
4. 4	89	8.9	8.9	66.5
5. 5	133	13.3	13.3	79.9
6. 6	95	9.5	9.5	89.3
7. 7	88	8.8	8.8	98.2
88. 唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	18	1.8	1.8	100.0
99. 拒絕回答 Refused to answer	1	0.1	缺值 Omitted	
總計 Total	1001	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1002

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 1

平均分 Mean: 3.26

標準差 Standard Deviation: 2.054

Q6 「回歸之後，香港嘅民主政制發展，正係按照基本法嘅規定，循序漸進地落實。你有幾同意呢？1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q6 'After the handover, the development of Hong Kong's democratic system has been progressively implemented, following the provision of the Basic Law. To what extent would you agree? From 1 to 7, what score will you give?'

		頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1.	1	324	32.3	32.3	32.3
2.	2	137	13.7	13.7	46.0
3.	3	129	12.9	12.9	58.9
4.	4	100	10.0	10.0	68.9
5.	5	130	13.0	13.0	81.9
6.	6	92	9.2	9.2	91.1
7.	7	58	5.8	5.8	96.8
88.	唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	32	3.2	3.2	100.0
總計 Total		1003	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1003

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 0

平均分 Mean: 3.08

標準差 Standard Deviation: 1.980

Q7 「回歸之後，香港人繼續喺法律面前一律平等。你有幾同意呢？1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q7 'After the handover, Hong Kongers continue to be treated equally before the Law. To what extent would you agree? From 1 to 7, what score will you give?'

		頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1.	1	240	23.9	24.0	24.0
2.	2	100	10.0	10.0	34.0
3.	3	119	11.9	11.9	45.9
4.	4	148	14.7	14.7	60.6
5.	5	131	13.0	13.1	73.7
6.	6	114	11.3	11.4	85.1
7.	7	130	13.0	13.0	98.1
88.	唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	19	1.9	1.9	100.0
99.	拒絕回答 Refused to answer	3	0.3	缺值 Omitted	
總計 Total		1003	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1000

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 3

平均分 Mean: 3.70

標準差 Standard Deviation: 2.106

Q8 「回歸之後，香港可以做到維護國家主權、安全和發展利益。你有幾同意呢？1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q8 'After the handover, Hong Kong is able to keep intact the sovereignty of China, national security and profits from development projects. To what extent would you agree? From 1 to 7, what score will you give?'

		頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1.	1	123	12.3	12.3	12.3
2.	2	77	7.7	7.7	20.0
3.	3	116	11.5	11.6	31.6
4.	4	145	14.5	14.5	46.1
5.	5	171	17.0	17.1	63.2
6.	6	139	13.9	13.9	77.1
7.	7	176	17.6	17.6	94.7
88.	唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	53	5.2	5.3	100.0
99.	拒絕回答 Refused to answer	3	0.3	缺值 Omitted	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1000

平均分 Mean: 4.36

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 3

標準差 Standard Deviation: 1.984

Q9 「回歸之後，香港能夠維持到長期繁榮穩定。你有幾同意呢？1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q9 'After the handover, Hong Kong is able to maintain prosperity and stability in the long term. To what extent would you agree? From 1 to 7, what score will you give?'

		頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1.	1	155	15.5	15.5	15.5
2.	2	117	11.7	11.7	27.2
3.	3	123	12.3	12.3	39.5
4.	4	164	16.3	16.3	55.8
5.	5	185	18.4	18.4	74.2
6.	6	132	13.2	13.2	87.4
7.	7	92	9.1	9.1	96.6
88.	唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	35	3.4	3.4	100.0
	總計 Total	1003	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1003

平均分 Mean: 3.90

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 0

標準差 Standard Deviation: 1.907

Q10 「整體嚟講，你認為落實『港人治港』有幾成功呢？如果1分代表『非常不成功』，至7分代表『非常成功』，1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q10 'how successful has the practice of "Hong Kong people administering Hong Kong" been? If 1 indicates "very unsuccessful" and 7 indicates "very successful", what score will you give?'

		頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1.	1	296	29.5	29.5	29.5
2.	2	171	17.0	17.0	46.5
3.	3	145	14.5	14.5	61.0
4.	4	143	14.3	14.3	75.3
5.	5	140	14.0	14.0	89.2
6.	6	49	4.9	4.9	94.1
7.	7	37	3.7	3.7	97.9
88.	唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	21	2.1	2.1	100.0
總計 Total		1003	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1003

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 0

平均分 Mean: 2.96

標準差 Standard Deviation: 1.777

Q11 「你有幾大信心香港喺未來（即2047年前）能全面落實『一國兩制』呢？如果1分代表『非常有信心』，至7分代表『非常有信心』，1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q11 'How confident are you in the full implementation of "One Country, Two Systems" in Hong Kong in the future (before 2047)? If 1 indicates "very unconfident" and 7 indicates "very confident", what score will you give?'

		頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1.	1	329	32.8	32.8	32.8
2.	2	125	12.4	12.4	45.2
3.	3	118	11.8	11.8	57.0
4.	4	112	11.2	11.2	68.2
5.	5	117	11.6	11.6	79.8
6.	6	89	8.8	8.8	88.6
7.	7	79	7.9	7.9	96.5
88.	唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	35	3.5	3.5	100.0
總計 Total		1003	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1003

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 0

平均分 Mean: 3.15

標準差 Standard Deviation: 2.049

Q12 「對於當內地同香港出現嘅矛盾時，兩地可透過對話協商得以解決，你有幾大信心呢？如果1分代表『非常有信心』，至7分代表『非常有信心』，1至7分，你會俾幾多分？」

Q12 'When conflicts between mainland China and Hong Kong arise, how confident are you that the conflicts can be resolved through consultation and dialogue? If 1 indicates "very unconfident" and 7 indicates "very confident", what score will you give?'

		頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1.	1	284	28.3	28.4	28.4
2.	2	175	17.5	17.5	45.9
3.	3	136	13.5	13.6	59.4
4.	4	140	13.9	13.9	73.4
5.	5	102	10.2	10.2	83.6
6.	6	66	6.5	6.6	90.2
7.	7	62	6.2	6.2	96.4
88.	唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	36	3.6	3.6	100.0
99.	拒絕回答 Refused to answer	3	0.3	缺值 Omitted	
總計Total		1003	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1000

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 3

平均分 Mean : 3.05

標準差 Standard Deviation: 1.890

Q13 「如果1分代表『非常有信心』，7分代表『非常有信心』，你對香港教育制度有幾大信心呢？1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q13 'If 1 indicates "very unconfident" and 7 indicates "very confident", what score will you give?', how confident are you in the education system of Hong Kong?'

		頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1.	1分（非常有信心）	370	37.0	37.0	37.0
2.	2分	173	17.3	17.3	54.3
3.	3分	205	20.5	20.5	74.8
4.	4分	79	7.9	7.9	82.7
5.	5分	86	8.6	8.6	91.3
6.	6分	21	2.1	2.1	93.3
7.	7分（非常有信心）	40	4.0	4.0	97.3
88.	唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	27	2.7	2.7	100.0
99.	拒絕回答 Refused to answer	2	0	缺值 Omitted	
總計Total		1003	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1001

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 2

平均分 Mean: 2.85

標準差 Standard Deviation: 1.622

Q14 「如果1分代表『非常不認同』，7分代表『非常認同』，對於『我係香港人』呢個身份，你有幾認同呢？1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q14 'If 1 indicates "extremely weak" and 7 indicates "extremely strong", how strongly do you identify yourself as a Hong Konger? From 1 to 7, what score will you give?'

		頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1.	1	33	3.3	3.3	3.3
2.	2	21	2.1	2.1	5.5
3.	3	36	3.6	3.7	9.1
4.	4	88	8.8	8.9	18.0
5.	5	162	16.1	16.2	34.2
6.	6	214	21.4	21.5	55.8
7.	7	407	40.6	40.9	96.6
88.	唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	34	3.4	3.4	100.0
99.	拒絕回答 Refused to answer	7	0.7	缺值 Omitted	
總計 Total		1003	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 996

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 7

平均分 Mean: 5.70

標準差 Standard Deviation: 1.559

Q15 「如果1分代表『非常不認同』，7分代表『非常認同』，對於『我係中國人』呢個身份，你有幾認同呢？1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q15 'If 1 indicates "extremely weak" and 7 indicates "extremely strong", how strongly do you identify yourself as a Chinese? From 1 to 7, what score will you give?'

		頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1.	1	148	14.7	14.8	14.8
2.	2	125	12.4	12.5	27.2
3.	3	94	9.4	9.4	36.7
4.	4	110	11.0	11.0	47.7
5.	5	131	13.1	13.1	60.8
6.	6	106	10.5	10.6	71.4
7.	7	260	25.9	26.0	97.4
88.	唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	26	2.6	2.6	100.0
99.	拒絕回答 Refused to answer	3	0.3	缺值 Omitted	
總計 Total		1003	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1000

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 3

平均分 Mean: 4.34

標準差 Standard Deviation: 2.198

Q16 「如果1分代表『非常唔滿意』，7分代表『非常滿意』，你對公務員嘅服務水平有幾滿意呢？1至7分，你會俾幾多分呢？」

Q16 'If 1 represents "very unsatisfied" and 7 represents "very satisfied", how satisfied are you with the performance of civil service?'

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1. 1	99	9.8	9.8	9.8
2. 2	140	13.9	13.9	23.7
3. 3	255	25.4	25.4	49.2
4. 4	218	21.7	21.7	70.9
5. 5	151	15.0	15.0	85.9
6. 6	77	7.7	7.7	93.6
7. 7	35	3.5	3.5	97.0
88. 唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	30	3.0	3.0	100.0
總計 Total	1003	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1003

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 0

平均分 Mean: 3.57

標準差 Standard Deviation: 1.534

Q17 「回歸以來，喺實踐『一國兩制』上香港同內地出現唔少矛盾，整體嚟講，你認為邊一方嘅責任大啲呢？係完全係內地、大部分係內地、一半半、大部分係香港，定係完全係香港呢？」

Q17 'After the handover, the implementation of "One Country, Two Systems" has led to conflicts between Hong Kong and mainland China. Generally speaking, which side bears the greater responsibility? Is it totally mainland China's, mostly mainland China's, mostly Hong Kong's or totally Hong Kong's?'

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1. 完全係內地 Totally Mainland China's	75	7.4	7.5	7.5
2. 大部分係內地 Mostly Mainland China's	234	23.3	23.4	30.8
3. 一半半 Half-Half	434	43.3	43.4	74.2
4. 大部分係香港 Mostly Hong Kong's	138	13.8	13.8	88.0
5. 完全係香港 Totally Hong Kong's	52	5.2	5.2	93.2
8. 唔知道 / 好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	68	6.8	6.8	100.0
99. 拒絕回答 Refused to answer	3	0.3	缺值 Omitted	
總計 Total	1003	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1000

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 3

Q18 「你認為香港喺2047年後應唔應該繼續實行『一國兩制』呢？」

Q18 'Would you agree that Hong Kong should continue to implement "One Country, Two Systems" after 2047?'

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1. 應該 Yes (續問continue to Q19)	671	66.9	67.4	67.4
2. 唔應該 No (跳問skip to Q20)	138	13.8	13.9	81.3
5. 其他：繼續實行以前／國安法前的一國兩制 (續問Continue to Q19)	12	1.2	1.2	82.5
Others: Continue to exercise 1C2S as before/ the introduction of 1C2S				
6. 其他：已經沒有一國兩制／已經實行一國一制／不存在一國兩制 (跳問 skip to Q20)	12	1.2	1.2	83.7
Others: 1C2S no longer exists/ 1C1S already in place/ 1C2S is non-existent				
8. 唔知道／好難講 Don't Know/ Difficult to say(跳問skip to Q20)	163	16.2	16.3	100.0
9. 拒絕回答 Refused to answer (跳問skip to Q20)	7	0.7	缺值 Omitted	
總計 Total	1003	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 996

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 7

Q19 「你認為從現在到2047年，以下邊啲條件會對香港喺2047年後繼續實行『一國兩制』有利呢？」(此題只問Q18回答應該的受訪者，可選多項)

Q19 'From now to 2047, which of the following conditions would be favourable to the continuation of "One Country, Two Systems" after 2047?' (Only respondents who agree Hong Kong should continue to 'One Country, Two Systems' after 2047 are asked, multiple answers allowed)

	頻數 Frequency	以有效樣本數 為基數之百分比 Percentage out of Valid Sample
1. 政制進一步民主化 Democratising further	274	40.2
2. 維護國家安全 Safeguarding National Security	161	23.6
3. 維持高度自治 Maintaining a high degree of autonomy	424	62.2
4. 經濟維持繁榮穩定 Maintaining economic prosperity and stability	406	59.5
5. 其他（註明） Others (please specify)	10	1.4
8. 唔知道／好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	56	8.2
總計 Total	1332	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 683

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 320

* 該百分比是答案數目（即頻數）除以有效樣本人數（即668人）得出的。此外，由於容許受訪者給予多於一項答案，故百分比總計將超過 100%。

* The percentage of an option is its frequency divided by the number of valid samples (i.e. 668). Since respondents may choose more than one option, the sum of percentages may exceed 100%.

Q19_OTH 「你認為從現在到2047年，以下邊啲條件會對香港喺2047年後繼續實行『一國兩制』有利呢？」
(其他答案)

Q19_OTH 'From now to 2047, which of the following conditions would be favourable to the continuation of "One Country, Two Systems" after 2047?' (Other answers)

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
11. 其他：保持香港的言論自由 Others: Maintaining freedom of speech	5	0.5	49.6	49.6
13. 其他：制度要公平公正 Others: An egalitarian system	1	0.1	9.4	59.0
15. 其他：維持到國際金融中心地位 Others: Maintain the status of International Financial Centre	1	0.1	12.7	71.8
17. 其他：改變教育政策 Others: Changes of education policies	1	0.1	6.8	78.5
18. 其他：特區政府執行力 Others: Executive power of HKSAR Government	2	0.2	21.5	100.0
0. 不適用 Not Applicable	993	99.0	缺值 Omitted	
總計 Total	1003	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 10

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 993

Q20 「特區政府提出『北部都會區』發展策略，你認為你對香港嘅前景係更有信心，更有信心，定係冇變呢？」

Q20 'HKSAR Government proposed the Northern Metropolis Development Strategy, do you think this brings positive, negative or no impact to Hong Kong's future?'

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1. 正面 Positive	217	21.7	21.8	21.8
2. 負面 Negative	347	34.6	34.8	56.6
3. 無影響 No impact	320	31.9	32.1	88.7
8. 唔知道／好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	113	11.3	11.3	100.0
9. 拒絕回答 Refused to answer	5	0.5	缺值 Omitted	
總計 Total	1003	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 998

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 5

Q21 「立法會嘅選舉制度經修改後並且完成選舉，你認為咁樣對香港嘅管治帶嚟正面影響、負面影響，定係無影響呢？」

Q21 'The election method of Legislative Council has been revised and its election completed, do you think this will bring positive, negative or have no impact to Hong Kong's governance?'

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1. 正面 Positive	229	22.9	23.0	23.0
2. 負面 Negative	451	45.0	45.2	68.2
3. 無影響 No impact	223	22.2	22.4	90.6
8. 唔知道／好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	94	9.4	9.4	100.0
9. 拒絕回答 Refused to answer	6	0.6	缺值 Omitted	
總計 Total	1003	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 997

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 6

Q22 「你會唔會考慮到大灣區其他城市居住或者發展（例如升學、就業、做生意、退休）？係會、或者會，定係唔會呢？」

Q22 'Would you consider living or moving to other cities of Guangdong-Hong Kong-Macau Greater Bay Area (for study, employment, business or retirement)?'

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1. 一定會 Definitely will	55	5.5	5.6	5.6
2. 可能會 Maybe	169	16.9	17.1	22.7
3. 唔會 No	659	65.7	66.5	89.2
8. 唔知道／好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	107	10.7	10.8	100.0
9. 拒絕回答 Refused to answer	12	1.2	缺值 Omitted	
總計 Total	1003	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 991

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 12

Q23 「你未來五年有無離開香港移民海外嘅打算呢？」

Q23 'Do you have any plans to emigrate from Hong Kong in the next five years?'

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1. 有打算 Yes	224	22.4	23.0	23.0
2. 無打算 No	641	63.9	65.7	88.7
8. 唔知道／好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	110	11.0	11.3	100.0
9. 拒絕回答 Refused to answer	27	2.7	缺值 Omitted	
0. 不適用（已移民／ 已有外國居留權） Not Applicable (already emigrated/ 1 already possess right to abode in foreign countries)		0.1	缺值 Omitted	
總計 Total	1003	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 975

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 28

POL 「講到你嘅政治傾向時，你覺得自己傾向以下邊個陣營呢？」(讀出1-6)

POL 'When asked about your political inclination, which political camp do you incline to identify yourself with?'
(Read options 1-6)

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1. 建制派 Pro-establishment	118	11.8	12.2	12.2
2. 民主派 Pro-democrat	142	14.1	14.6	26.9
3. 本土派 Localist	45	4.5	4.7	31.6
4. 中間派 Centrist	108	10.8	11.2	42.8
5. 無任何政治傾向 No political inclination	485	48.3	50.1	92.9
11. 其他：非建制派 Others: Non-establishment	11	1.1	1.1	94.0
12. 其他：抗爭派 Others: Resistance	2	0.2	0.2	94.2
88. 唔知道／好難講 Don't know/ Difficult to say	56	5.6	5.8	100.0
99. 拒絕回答 Refused to answer	35	3.5	缺值 Omitted	
總計 Total	1003	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 968

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 35

GENDER 受訪者性別 Gender of respondents

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1. 男 Male	472	47.0	47.0	47.0
2. 女 Female	531	53.0	53.0	100.0
總計 (Total)	1003	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1003

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 0

AGE 「你屬於以下邊個年齡組別呢？」 'Which age group does you belong to?'

(讀出Read options 1-6)

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1. 18-29	145	14.5	14.5	14.5
2. 30-39	162	16.2	16.2	30.6
3. 40-49	171	17.1	17.1	47.7
4. 50-59	189	18.9	18.9	66.6
5. 60-69	176	17.6	17.6	84.1
6. ≥70	159	15.9	15.9	100.0
總計 (Total)	1003	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 1003

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 0

EDU 「您嘅教育程度去到邊呢？」‘What is your educational attainment?’

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative %
1. 小學或以下 Primary or below	101	10.1	10.4	10.4
2. 初中（中一至中三） Secondary (F.1-F.3)	131	13.1	13.4	23.8
3. 高中（中四至中七預科） Secondary (F.4-F.7)	273	27.2	27.9	51.7
4. 專上非學位（包括文憑/副學士/IVE等） Non-degree tertiary (including diplomas, associate degrees, IVE, etc.)	132	13.2	13.5	65.2
5. 大學學位 Bachelor's degree	282	28.1	28.8	94.1
6. 研究院（包括碩士/博士等） Postgraduate degree (including master's and doctoral degree)	58	5.8	5.9	100.0
9. 拒絕回答 Refused to answer	26	2.6	缺值	
總計 (Total)	1003	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 977

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 26

WORK 「你目前係唔係在職人士呢？」‘Are you currently an employed person?’

	頻數 Frequency	百分比 Percentage	有效百分比 Valid %	累積百分比 Cumulative
1. 在職人士 Employed	575	57.3	59.1	59.1
2. 主理家務 Homemaker	75	7.5	7.7	66.8
3. 退休 Retired person	218	21.7	22.4	89.3
4. 待業/正找工作/失業 Job seeker	43	4.3	4.4	93.6
5. 學生 Student	62	6.2	6.4	100.0
9. 拒絕回答 Refused to answer	31	3.1	缺值	
總計(Total)	1003	100.0	100.0	

有效樣本 Valid Sample: 972

缺值樣本 Omitted Sample: 31

有關調查數據加權的說明

Explanatory Notes on Weighting

電話調查部分採用雙框抽樣設計，從家居固網電話號碼及流動電話號碼的結合樣本群中隨機抽取號碼。按照常見做法，數據在進行分析時依香港的人口分佈作加權處理。加權因子主要按香港政府統計處公布的2021年年中18歲或以上性別及年齡分佈（扣除外籍家庭傭工）為基礎，將調查中所得的有關分佈與人口統計的分佈作比例性調整，以便使調查的性別及年齡分佈接近2021年年中（扣除外籍家庭傭工）人口的分佈。由於大部分人同時擁有家居固網電話號碼及流動電話號碼，為免重複計算或其他不明原因帶來的估算偏差，加權方法將按兩個步驟調整。有關資料表列如下：

A dual-frame sampling design was adopted. It randomly selects phone numbers from a combined sample of residential landline and mobile phone numbers. As a standard practice, survey data will be weighted by population distribution in Hong Kong. The weighting factors were adjusted by the proportion of gender and age of people aged 18 or above (excluding foreign domestic helpers) according to the mid-year population for 2021 statistics released by the Census and Statistics Department. Given many individuals may own both landline and mobile phone numbers, two steps were added in the weighting method to avoid estimation inaccuracy caused by double-counting or other unknown factors. The weight factors are as below.

年齡組 Age Group	香港人口分佈 (%) Population Distribution* (%)		調查樣本分佈 (%) Distribution of Sample (%)		加權因子 Weighting Factors	
	男 Male (A)	女 Female (B)	男 Male (C)	女 Female (D)	男 Male (A÷C)	女 Female (B÷D)
18-29	447500	430100	613109	528798	0.729886039	0.813354653
30-39	461000	521300	738173	548645	0.624514900	0.950158903
40-49	460300	575000	955014	698857	0.481982631	0.822772553
50-59	518400	627200	691956	818239	0.749180243	0.766524251
60-69	527500	539400	774567	819710	0.681026008	0.658037592
≥70	440400	521900	504759	436406	0.872495729	1.195904748

* 扣除外籍家傭 excluding foreign domestic helpers

步驟一：電話號碼擁有量

Step 1: Telephone ownership

由於每人擁有不同數目的固網及流動電話號碼，他們被抽中的機率也有不同。為剔除任何一人被超額代表的機會，第一步驟是估算每名受訪者被隨機抽中的機會率，即以每位受訪者擁有家居固網電話號碼和手機號碼數目，對比全港家居固網電話及手機號碼總數。加權因子1 (WT1_i) 之計算方式為受訪者*i*被抽中訪問的逆向機會率，即 $WT1_i = \pi_i^{-1}$ 。

Since each individual owns a different amount of landline and mobile numbers, each has a different probability of selection as respondents. To eliminate over-representation of any individual, the first step is to approximate the probability of selection for each respondent. It is a ratio of the amount of landline and mobile numbers owned by a respondent to the total number of those in the territory. Weighting factor 1 (WT1_i) is calculated by the inverse of probability of selection of individual *i*, i.e. $WT1_i = \pi_i^{-1}$.

$$\pi_i = \frac{n_L}{N_L} \times \frac{t_i^L}{e_i^L} + \frac{n_m}{N_m} \times t_i^m$$

當中	<i>i</i>	=	第 <i>i</i> 名被抽中的人士
	<i>n_L</i>	=	家居固網電話號碼樣本數目
	<i>N_L</i>	=	全部家居固網電話號碼總數
	<i>t_i^L</i>	=	第 <i>i</i> 名人士家中擁有的固網電話號碼數目
	<i>e_i^L</i>	=	住戶中合資格受訪人數
	<i>n_m</i>	=	手機號碼樣本數目
	<i>N_m</i>	=	全部手機號碼總數
	<i>t_i^m</i>	=	第 <i>i</i> 名人士個人擁有的手機號碼數目

Where	<i>i</i>	=	<i>i</i> -th person selected
	<i>n_L</i>	=	amount of sample's landline numbers
	<i>N_L</i>	=	amount of population's landline numbers
	<i>t_i^L</i>	=	amount of <i>i</i> -th person's landline numbers
	<i>e_i^L</i>	=	amount of eligible respondents in the household
	<i>n_m</i>	=	amount of sample's mobile numbers
	<i>N_m</i>	=	amount of population's mobile numbers
	<i>t_i^m</i>	=	amount of <i>i</i> -th person's mobile numbers

步驟二：人口估算

Step 2: Population estimates

為了保證調查數據更能反映香港人口分佈的真實情況，數據在進行分析時依香港統計處最新公佈的18歲或以上性別及年齡分佈（扣除外籍家庭傭工）。加權因子2（WT2）的計算方法，是把人口統計中性別和年齡組別的人口估計，除以經過加權因子1加權後的調查中對應組別的人口樣本。

To better represent the distribution of the Hong Kong population, all data were weighted by the proportion of gender and age of people aged 18 or above (excluding foreign domestic helpers) according to the latest population distribution released by the Census and Statistics Department. Weighting factor 2 (WT2) is calculated by dividing the population estimates of a gender and age group by the sample size of the corresponding group adjusted by weighting factor 1.

最後步驟 Final Step

最終加權因子的計算方法如下：

The final weighting factor is calculated by the following formula.

$$WT_F = WT1 * WT2$$

當中	WT_F	=	最後加權因子
	WT1	=	加權因子1
	WT2	=	加權因子2

Where	WT_F	=	Final weighting factor
	WT1	=	Weighting factor 1
	WT2	=	Weighting factor 2